



Material suplementario

Infusión intracoronaria de tioflavina-S para el estudio de la obstrucción microvascular en un modelo de infarto de miocardio

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Table 1 of the supplementary material

Left Anterior Descending Artery-perfused Area, Microvascular Obstruction, Infarct Area and Myocardial Wall Thickness in the Right Ventricle in the 3 Series of Experiments

<u>RIGHT VENTRICLE</u>	1 min	1 week	1 month
LAD-perfused area (% of RV)	44 ± 13	45 ± 9	37 ± 12
MVO (% of LAD-perfused area)	11 ± 6 ^a	12 ± 10 ^a	5 ± 5
Infarct area (% of LAD-perfused area)	0 ± 0	31 ± 19 ^b	21 ± 20
<u>Myocardial wall thickness:</u>			
MVO area (mm)	5 ± 0.6	5 ± 0.9	4 ± 0.8 ^c
Infarct area (mm)		5 ± 1.3	5 ± 1.8
Adjacent area (mm)	6 ± 1.7	5 ± 1.4	6 ± 1.8
Remote area (mm)	6 ± 1.7	5 ± 1.9	7 ± 2.4

^a*P*<.05 vs control; ^b*P*<.01 vs control; ^c*P*<.01 vs remote

LAD, left anterior descending artery; MVO, microvascular obstruction; RV, right ventricle.

Table 2 of the supplementary material

Routes, Animal Models and Parameters Evaluated in Experimental Studies Focused on the Analysis of Myocardial Perfusion After Myocardial Infarction.

Thioflavin-S	Animal model	Parameter evaluated	References
Intra-atrial	Mongrel dogs	Microvascular obstruction	Ambrosio et al ¹
Intra-atrial	White rabbits	Microvascular obstruction	Hale et al ²
Intra-atrial	White rabbits	Microvascular obstruction	Hale et al ³
Intra-atrial	Mongrel dogs	Microvascular obstruction	Kumar et al ⁴
Intra-ventricular	Mongrel dogs	Microvascular obstruction	Rochitte et al ⁵
Intra-ventricular	Mongrel dogs	Microvascular obstruction	Wu et al ⁶
Intra-venous	Dogs	Flow distribution	Kloner et al ⁷
Tail veins	Rats	Microvascular obstruction	Liu et al ⁸
Microspheres			
Intra-atrial	Mongrel dogs	Myocardial blood flow	Dörge et al ⁹
Intra-atrial	Pigs	Myocardial blood flow	Salminen et al ¹⁰
Intra-ventricular	Mongrel dogs	Myocardial blood flow	Wu et al ⁶
Intra-ventricular	Mongrel dogs	Myocardial blood flow	Rochitte et al ¹¹

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Intra-ventricular	Mongrel dogs	Myocardial blood flow	Amado et al ¹²
Carbon black			
Intra-atrial	Dogs	Flow distribution	Kloner et al ⁷
Evans Blue			
Aortic root	Pigs	Area at risk	Sodha et al ¹³
Aortic root	Pigs	Area at risk	Salminen et al ¹⁰
Aorta	Green monkeys	Area at risk	Schumacher et al ¹⁴
Intra-atrial	Mongrel dogs	Area at risk	Schmidt et al ¹⁵
Intra-atrial	Pigs	Area at risk	Poulsen et al ¹⁶
Tail veins	Rats	Area at risk	Liu et al ⁸

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FIGURES LEGENDS

Figure 1 of the supplementary material. Dynamics of microvascular obstruction in the right ventricle. Microvascular obstruction was already detected in the 1-min, peaked in the 1-week and partly resolved in the 1-month reperfusion group. A, quantification of microvascular obstruction (represented as percentage of left anterior descending artery perfused area). * $P < .05$ vs control. B, illustrative slices of the 1-min, 1-week and 1-month reperfusion groups. Arrows indicate the microvascular obstruction area.

LAD, left anterior descending artery; MVO, microvascular obstruction; RV, right ventricle.

SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURE 1

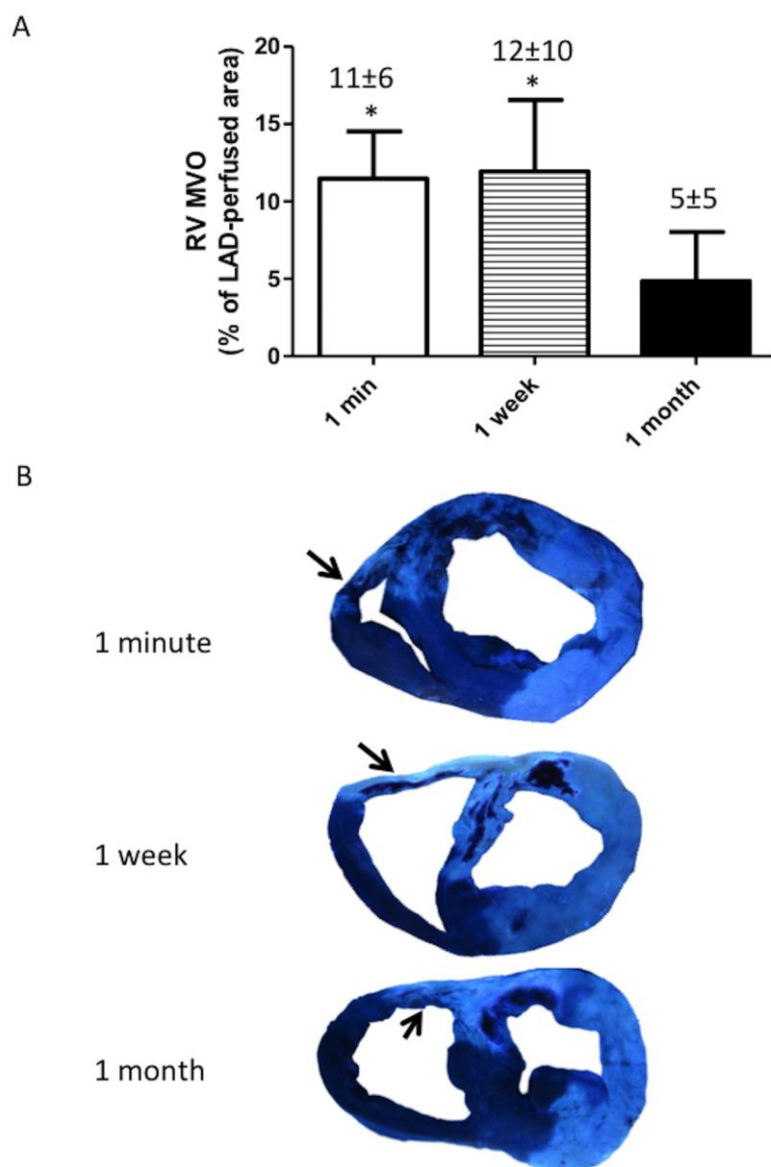


Figure 2 of the supplementary material. Consequences of microvascular obstruction on the right ventricular myocardial wall thickness. A significant thinning of the right ventricle myocardial wall in the microvascular obstruction area took place 1 month after reperfusion.

A, quantification of the right ventricular myocardial wall thickness in the microvascular obstruction, infarct, adjacent and remote areas in the 1-week and 1-month reperfusion groups. $**P<.01$ vs remote area. B, illustrative slices of the 1-week and 1-month reperfusion groups. The white points line indicates the right ventricular myocardial wall thickness in the microvascular obstruction area.

LV, left ventricle; MVO, microvascular obstruction; RV, right ventricle.

SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURE 2

