

Current Status of Cardio-Oncology in Spain: A National Multidisciplinary Survey

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National Cardio-oncology Working Group

To allow us to evaluate the current status of cardio-oncology in Spain, please, answer the following questions:

		years old	-Familia				
	Sex:	□Male	□Female				
3.	Specialist:	□ Cardiologist	□ Medical oncologist				
		□ Radiation oncologist	☐ Hematologist				
4.	Professional Role:	□Division chief □Attending physician	□Head of section				
5.	Number of medical staff at your department:						
5.	Region:						
7.	Type of Institution:	□ Tertiary hospital □ Seco □ Outpatient clinic					
3.	Referral hospital population:						
9.	Number of beds:						
10.	 I.O. Please indicate which of the following descriptions most accurately defines your current clinical cardio-oncology service: □We have a structured cardio-oncology unit (COU). 						
	□We have a dedicated cardiologist in charge of the care of patients with cancer-related						
	cardiovascular complications.						
	□We do not have a structured COU.						
	□None at present	but we plan to add these s	services in the near future.				

☐ Other departmental priorities. ☐ Lack of funding.					
 □ Absence of evidence-based guidelines and specialized attending physicians. □ Others (please specify): 					
12. Do you think it is necessary to implement a structured network among different specialties involved in the care of cancer patients? Please score the perceived importance from 1 (least important) to 10 (most important).					
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10					
13. Do you think it is important to develop a standardized protocol for the follow-up of CV complications? Please score the perceived importance from 1 (least important) to 10 (most important).					
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10					
14. Do you consider it essential to identify and treat CV risk factors in cancer patients? Please score the perceived importance from 1 (least important) to 10 (most important).					
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10					
15. In patients scheduled to receive a potentially cardiotoxic treatment, do you perform a baseline cardiac assessment?□ All patients are evaluated by a cardiologist.					
☐ Patients are evaluated by a cancer specialist who decides whom to refer for cardiology					
consultation.					
□ Patients are only evaluated by a cancer specialist.					
□ Patients do not receive cardiac assessment at baseline.					

of

considered? Please score the perceived importance from 1 (least important) to 10 (most important).						
1	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10					
•	17. Are patients receiving cardiotoxic drugs monitored during treatment? ☐ Yes, our institution has a specific protocol for cardiotoxicity.					
□ Yes, but	☐ Yes, but monitoring is carried out without a specific protocol.					
□ No mon	☐ No monitoring is done, patients are assessed only if symptoms appear.					
cardiotoxici priority, and						
a. Isotopic ventricu	lography (MUGA):					
1 2 3						
b. Echocardiogra	aphy: □ Echocardiography is used in your usual clinical practice. □ Echocardiography is not used in your usual clinical practice.					
1	. 🗆					
_	use them, indicate the reason: □ Availability in your center. □ Scientific evidence. □ Other (please specify):					

16. How important should monitoring patients for CV complications during cancer treatment be

. Cardiac biomarkers (troponin, NT-proBNP):				
☐ Cardiac biomarkers are used in your usual clinical practice.				
☐ Cardiac biomarkers are not used in your usual clinical practice.				
i. Priority (number your priority of use from 1 to 3, with 1 being the highest):				
1. □				
2. □				
3. □				
ii. If you use them, indicate the reason:				
□ Availability in your center.				
☐ Scientific evidence.				
□ Other (please specify):				
19. In relation to cancer patients who develop cardiac toxicity secondary to oncological treatments: □All are jointly evaluated by oncology, hematology, radiotherapy and cardiology to plan				
their treatment and follow-up.				
□Only patients referred by the cancer specialist are evaluated by a cardiologist.				
□Patients with cardiotoxicity are assessed only by the oncologist (hematologist or radiation				
oncologist) who decides on their treatment and follow-up.				
□ Other.				
20. How important is the impact of cancer treatment interruptions on cancer prognosis? Please score the perceived importance from 1 (least important) to 10 (most important).				
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10				
21. Do you believe long-term monitoring of cancer survivors for CV complications is valuable? Please score the perceived importance from 1 (least important) to 10 (most important).				
(1)(2)(3)(4)(5)(6)(7)(8)(9)(10)				
22. Please rate how strongly you agree with the following statement (1 = strongly disagree to 10				
= strongly agree): "A structured network among specialties may improve the complex care of patients with cancer and cardiovascular disease".				
(1)(2)(3)(4)(5)(6)(7)(8)(9)(10)				

23.	Your institution has the following units or resources (you can check several options). □ Cardiology department.
	□ Interventional cardiologist.
	□ Acute cardiovascular care unit.
	□ Critical care unit.
	□ Transplant program.
	□ Cardiac surgery department.
24.	Please estimate how many consultations (inpatient and outpatient) in the cardiology service at your institution are related to oncology patients. $\Box < 100$
	□ 100-500
	□ 500-1000
25.	Please estimate how many requests for echocardiography studies at your institution per year are related to oncology patients. $\Box < 100$
	□ 100-500
	□ 500-1000
	□ > 1000
26.	With regard to the previous question, what is the percentage of oncology requests in relation to the total number of echocardiograms performed by your cardiac imaging laboratory? □ < 5% □ 5%-10% □ 10%-15% □ > 15%
27.	Please indicate the total number of new cancer cases attended annually at your department? □ < 500
	□ 500-1000
	□ > 1000

28. How many requests for cardiovascular image your institution?	ging studies in cancer patients are performed at
□ < 100	
□ 100-500	
□ 500-1000	
□ > 1000	
Thank you so much for your help.	
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