#### SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

This interviewer-administered questionnaire to evaluate the clinical approach of primary physicians in the management of chronic cough in Najran City, Saudi Arabia.

## **♣ FIRST PART: (SOCIODEMOGRAPHIC DATA)**

- Gender:
  - o Male
  - o Female
- Age:
  - 0 < 30
  - 0 30-40
  - 0 40-50
  - 0 >50
- Nationality:
  - o Saudi
  - o Non-Saudi
- Marital status:
  - o Single
  - o Married
  - o Divorce
- Job title:
  - o General Practionair
  - o Senior registrar
  - o Consultant

### Medical Specialty:

- General medicine
- o Emergency medicine
- o Family medicine
- General internal medicine
- o General pediatric medicine

### • Qualification degree:

- o Bachler
- o Diploma
- o Master
- o PhD.
- o Board

### Work place:

- o MOH
- o University health services
- o Military health services
- o National Guard health services
- o Interior ministry health services
- o Private health services

### healthcare facility:

- o PHC-center
- o Hospital-outpatient clinic
- o Hospital -emergency department
- o Polyclinic

# **Experience duration:**

- o <5 years
- o 5-10years
- o 11-20 years
- o >20years

# **SECOND PART: (CLINICAL AUDIT)**

# Based on your clinical experience; answer the following questions:

1)	How many patients do you manage per clinic?
2)	How many patients with chronic cough do you manage per clinic?

# **THIRD PART (primary physicians' approach to chronic cough)**

Domain	#	Item	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Or N/A	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
	1	I make definitive diagnosis for patient with chronic cough based on history &physical examination					
Diagnosis	2	I make definitive diagnosis for patient with chronic cough based on further tests					
Ω	3	I make definitive diagnosis for patient with chronic cough based on response to empiric therapy					
	4	I find the etiology of most of chronic cough cases is infection					
	5	I find the etiology of most of chronic cough cases is allergy					
Etiology	6	I find the etiology of most of chronic cough cases is inflammation					
	7	I find the etiology of most of chronic cough cases is medications					
	8	I find the etiology of most of chronic cough cases is malignancy					
	9	I do not treat patient with chronic cough unless I make definitive diagnosis					
	10	I explain to patient that most of chronic cough are self-limited					
	11	I advise patient with chronic cough about nonpharmacological remedies					
	12	If upper airway cough syndrome is suspected, I prescribe a decongestant & an antihistamine					
ent	13	If bronchial asthma is suspected, I prescribe an inhaled bronchodilators or corticosteroids					
Treatment	14	If gastroesophageal reflux disease is suspected, I prescribe an antacid agent					
	15	If ACE inhibitors using is suspected, I shift to another antihypertensive agent					
	16	If an environmental irritant is suspected; I eliminate the patient's exposure to irritants					
	17	Then after, if chronic cough persists; I think about psychogenic cough					
	18	I refer patient with chronic cough to specialized physician					
Co nsi de	19	I approach the child with chronic cough as same as adult approach					

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20	I advise parents against			
	administering cough medications to			
	children younger than 4 years			